# MEDICINES INFORMATION NORTHERN IRELAND GREEN SPECIAL SUPPLEMENT

HSC) Belfast Health and Social Care Trust

caring supporting improving together

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### **KEY FACTS**

Climate change is the single biggest health threat facing humanity<sup>1</sup>. Watch COP26 ClimatePrescription Video here.

Healthcare has a higher global carbon contribution (4.4%) than aviation (2%) or even shipping (3%)<sup>2</sup>.

The NHS is the largest employer in the UK and is responsible for 4% of national carbon emissions

Medicines alone account for 25% of NHS carbon emissions!<sup>3</sup>

All NHS staff can have a **major impact** in reducing the nation's carbon emissions, but in particular, **pharmacists** are well placed for making the greatest difference as specialists in medicines.

- References
- 1. Climate change and health, WHO, March 2021, available at <u>Climate change and health (who.int)</u>
- 2. Climate policies and legislation, Carbon Literacy for Healthcare, NHS Learning Hub, published June 2023 available at Learning Hub Home
- 3. Delivering a 'Net Zero' National Health Service , NHS England, July 2022, available at <u>B1728-delivering-a-net-zero-nhs-july-2022.pdf (england.nhs.uk)</u> Greener NHS »

#### **CLIMATE AND HEALTH** Injuries, fatalities, Asthma. mental health impacts cardiovascular disease Severe Malaria, dengue, Heat-related illness weather encephalitis, hantavirus and death. rift valley fever, cardiovascular failure lyme disease, chikungunya, Extreme West Nile virus heat creasing Respiratory allergens Forced migration, allergies, asthma civil conflict. mental health impacts ater and food Water quality impacts Cholera. Malnutrition. cryptosporidiosis, diarrheal disease campylobacter, leptospirosis, harmful algal blooms

Figure 1: UK Health Security Agency '<u>How science can protect us from</u> the health effects of climate change'.

For more information, read the BMJ overview of systematic reviews of the Health effects of climate change <u>here</u>.

# SUSTAINABLILITY INTERVENTIONS

The principles of sustainable clinical practice are:



Examples of how these principles can be employed in practice: 1. Switch from IV to oral paracetamol

- 2. Support children to swallow tablets/ capsules, switch from liquids
- 3. Medicines Optimisation and de-prescribing initiatives
- 4. Switch from metered dose inhalers to dry powder inhalers.

For more inspiration, see the <u>RPS Climate Change Action List</u>.



Figure 2: Office for Health Improvements and Disparities, <u>'Sources of carbon</u> emissions by proportion of NHS Carbon Footprint Plus'. Large portion of medicines emissions - **anaesthetic gases** (2% of emissions) and **inhalers** (3% of emissions).<sup>3</sup>

# GET INVOLVED!

#### **Pharmacy Sustainability Networks**



Pharmacy SusNet Co-lead: Sarah Brooks (sarah.brooks@belfasttrust.hscni,net)

Centre for Sustainable Healthcare hosts many profession-specific virtual network platforms to promote sustainable healthcare within their respective fields. The pharmacy network has been developed this year.

By signing up, you can network with members and access tools for sustainable pharmacy practice and education. Register <u>here</u>.

#### Other sustainability networks include:

- Pharmacy Declares
- Guild Healthcare Pharmacists Sustainability Strategy team
- Pharmacists for Greener Practice
- Greener NHS Community, FutureNHS
- Greener NHS Knowledge Hub, FutureNHS (use above link)

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